FIRE SAFETY CHECKLIST



Please check "Yes" or "No" for each of the following questions.

Kitchen and Cooking Sa	fety		
	Yes	No	
			Do you stay in the kitchen when food is cooking on the stove?
			Are pan handles turned inward so they can't be bumped off or overturned?
			Do you make sure kitchen towels, oven gloves and other things that can burn are kept away from the stove?
			Do you have a heat alarm installed?
Heating Safety			
	Yes	No	
			Do you have your boiler and chimney professionally serviced each year?
			Do you keep space heaters at least one metre away from things that could catch fire, such as furniture, curtains and papers?
			Does your fireplace have a sturdy screen to catch sparks?
Smoke Alarms			
	Yes	No	
			Are smoke alarms installed on each floor of your home, in hallways, inside bedrooms and outside all sleeping areas?
			Do you test your smoke alarms monthly to make sure they are working properly?
			Do you change the batteries in your smoke alarms every twelve months or in accordance with the manufacturers instructions if they have a longer life?
			Have you replaced smoke alarms that are at least 10 years old?
More Fire Safety			
	Yes	No	
			Does your family practice a home fire escape plan regularly, both during the day and at night?
			Do you stub cigarettes out properly and dispose of them carefully?
			Are you careful not to leave burning candles unattended?
			Are you careful not to leave burning candles unattended? Are you careful not to overload electrical sockets and extension leads?

IF YOU ANSWERED "NO" TO ANY QUESTIONS, YOUR HOME MAY NOT BE FIRE SAFE.

For more information on fire safety and prevention, visit kidde.com/fire-safety/en/uk/ or firekills.campaign.gov.uk/.

unused electrical outlets?





SMOKE ALARMS





KIDDE

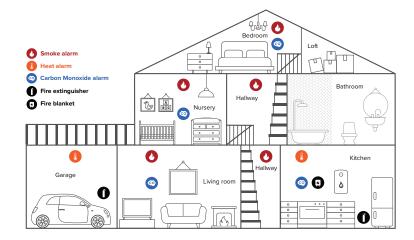
You are around 10 times more likely to die from a fire if you don't have a working smoke alarm in your home.* This is mostly due to dead or missing batteries, or the device has never been replaced and is expired. A smoke alarm, like any home appliance, should be updated and maintained.

Take these steps to help protect your family:

- You need working smoke alarms or detectors on every level of your home, in hallways, and both inside and outside every sleeping area.
- Interconnected alarms provide whole-home alarm activation. When one alarm sounds, they all do. So, if one goes off upstairs, you'll hear it downstairs.
 - Test alarms monthly. It's easy, you usually just press the test button on its face, but consult the manual if you don't know how or search online for your alarm's manufacturer.
 - Replace smoke alarms every ten years.
 - When the alarms sound, get outside and stay outside. Call 9-9-9 once you're out there.

How to help protect your home

For more information on fire safety and prevention, visit kidde.com/fire-safety/en/uk or firekills.campaign.gov.uk







FIRE ESCAPE PLAN





Create an Escape Plan with your family

Nowadays, residential fires produce much more smoke than in the past* resulting in a reduction in the time you have to escape once it starts. And according to the Red Cross, only 26% of families have a fire escape plan in place. Take the time to make one – it can be a fun family activity!

- When escape planning, remember the twos:
 - Always know 2 ways out of every room,
 - Practice 2 times per year and
 - Practice 2 times of the day daytime and nighttime
- Know who will assist children and those with mobility/health issues
- Get Outside, Stay Outside: Remember, if the smoke or CO alarm sounds, get outside and stay outside
- Call 9-9-9: Make sure everyone in your house knows how to

Don't forget Fur-Ever Friends

Teach everyone in the family what a smoke alarm sounds like and what to do if they hear one, which is: outside and call 9-9-9!

You can even teach your dog how to respond to an alarm.



For more information on fire safety and prevention, visit kidde.com/fire-safety/en/uk/ or firekills.campaign.gov.uk/.





FIRE EXTINGUISHERS



Having a fire extinguisher within reach can help to keep you and your family safe. Here are some tips:

- Place a fire extinguisher within easy reach in rooms where fires are more likely to start such as the kitchen, living room and laundry room.
- Place a fire extinguisher in the bedroom for use in case you need to create a path safety. Nearly half of all fatal fires occur during late night and early morning hours, when families are asleep.
- Choose a multipurpose extinguisher that is large enough to put out a small fire but not too heavy to handle.
- Learn to use a fire extinguisher properly.





For more information on fire safety and prevention, visit kidde.com/fire-safety/en/uk/ or firekills.campaign.gov.uk/.





Safety Made Simple CARBON MONOXIDE SAFETY TIPS



Each year in the UK alone, over 200 people are hospitalised with suspected carbon monoxide poisoning, which leads to around 60 deaths.* The use of carbon monoxide alarms could potentially prevent many of these deaths. Learn how to prevent CO poisoning in your family and how to spot the symptoms before tragedy occurs.

What is carbon monoxide (CO)?

Carbon monoxide is a colorless, odorless and tasteless poison gas that is produced by fuel-burning appliances such as furnaces, ovens, clothes dryers, water heaters, space heaters, fireplaces, charcoal or gas grills, and wood burning stoves.

If an appliance malfunctions or is improperly installed, CO can back up into the home, reaching dangerous levels and quickly cause injury or death.



What are the symptoms?

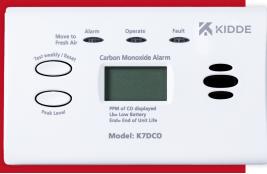
Initial symptoms are similar to the flu with no fever and can include dizziness, severe headache, nausea, sleepiness, fatigue / weakness and disorientation.

CO is often called the "silent killer" because it is odorless, tasteless and colorless. In fact its symptoms are often misdiagnosed and many people don't know they are suffering from CO poisoning.

Protect your family from "THE SILENT KILLER" What you can do . . .

- Install a battery powered CO alarm or AC powered unit with battery backup in every room with a combustion appliance and near sleeping areas.
- Have a licensed professional inspect the heating systems and other fuelburning appliances in your home annually.
- Ensure that fuel-burning appliances are installed properly and operate them according to the manufacturer's instructions.
- Have all fireplaces cleaned and inspected annually and keep chimneys clear of animal nests, leaves and residue.
- Do not block or seal shut the exhaust flues or ducts used by water heaters, ranges and clothes dryers.
- Do not leave your car running in an attached garage or carport.
- Be careful not to use ovens or stoves to heat your home.

- Do not use charcoal or gas BBQ's inside or operate outdoors near a window where CO fumes could seep in.
- Test all carbon monoxide alarms in the your home monthly. Do they use the most accurate sensing technology?
 Do they need new batteries?
- Replace CO alarms according to the manufacturer's instructions, or if not provided, every five years in order to s. benefit from the latest technology upgrades.
- Do not use generators or BBQs indoors during a power outage.



For more information on fire & CO safety and prevention, visit kidde.com/fire-safety/en/uk or firekills.campaign.gov.uk







HOW TO MAKE A HOME FIRE SAFETY PLAN

	Draw a map of your home. Show all doors and windows.
	Visit each room. Find two ways out.
	All windows and doors should open easily. You should be able to use them to get outside.
	Make sure your home has smoke alarms. Push the test button to make sure each alarm is working.
	Pick a meeting place outside. It should be in front of your home. Everyone will meet at the meeting place.
	Make sure your house or building number can be seen from the street.
	Talk about your plan with everyone in your home.
	Make sure everyone in your home knows how to dial 9-9-9 or your local emergency number.
	Practice your home fire drill!
	Make your own home fire escape plan using the grid provided.
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X	

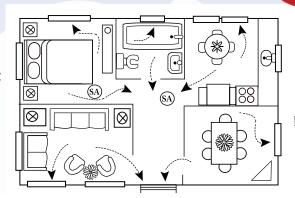
HOW TO MAKE A HOME SAFETY PLAN

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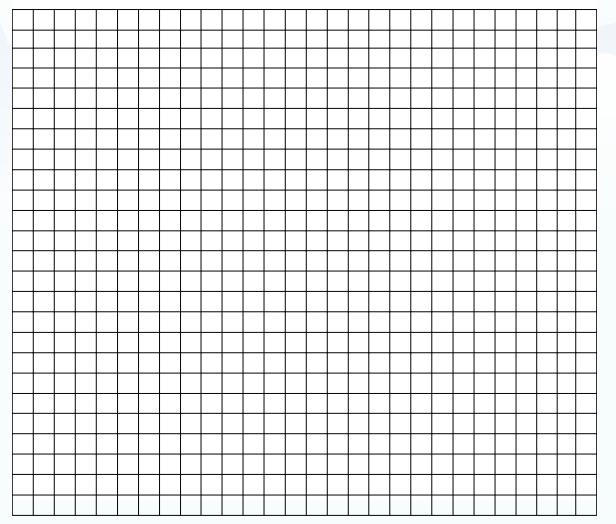
OUT FAST

DRAW A FLOOR PLAN OR A MAP OF YOUR HOME.

- · Show all doors and windows.
- · Mark two ways out of each room.
- Mark all of the smoke alarms with SA.
 Smoke alarms should be in each sleeping room, outside each sleeping area, and on every level of the home.
- Pick a family meeting place outside where everyone can meet.
- Remember, practice your plan at least twice a year!











FIRE SAFETY

WORD SEARCH

Q B E H A L A R M W M E T P Y K X G G Y O E N R Z O A R J U U P E S C A P E E K Y S D D B X R V P I F I S A F E T Y P T I D B S M O K E L C R E O V G Z F M A I E L A D D E R N N V H

Alarm

Fire

Smoke

Outside

Exit

Plan

Safety

Beeps

Escape

Ladder



Nowadays, residential fires produce much more smoke than in the past.* resulting in a reduction in the time you have to escape. The good news is, in most cases, families can help to protect themselves from a home fire by developing a complete fire safety plan.

It only takes a few minutes to install or test a smoke alarm, develop and practice an escape plan, or learn to use a fire extinguisher. Learn what you can do today to protect your family and home, tomorrow.

How to use a Fire Extinguisher

Using a fire extinguisher is easy. Just remember the **PASS** system.



Pull the pin. Hold unit upright.





Aim at the base of the fire.



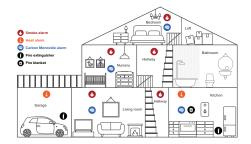
Squeeze the handle.



Sweep from side to side.



How to help protect your home



The Power to Protect

Founded by Walter Kidde, a pioneer in early smoke detection and fire suppression, Kidde is one of the world's largest manufacturers of fire safety products. Each day, we work to expand upon our legacy of innovation, providing advanced solutions to help protect people and property from fire and related hazards.

For more information on fire safety and prevention, visit kidde.com/fire-safety/en/uk or firekills.campaign.gov.uk









Safety Made Simple HOME FIRE SAFETY TIPS



Smoke Alarms

You are around 10 times more likely to die from a fire if you don't have a working smoke alarm in your home.* This is mostly due to dead or missing batteries, or the device has never been replaced and is expired. A smoke alarm, like any home appliance, should be updated and maintained.



- You need working smoke alarms or detectors on every level of your home (including basement), in hallways, and both inside and outside every sleeping area.
- Interconnected alarms provide whole-home alarm activation. When one alarm sounds, they all do. So, if one goes off upstairs, you'll hear it downstairs.
- Test alarms monthly. It's easy, you usually just press the test button on its face, but consult the manual if you don't know how or search online for your alarm's manufacturer.
- Replace smoke alarms every ten years.
- When the alarms sound, get outside and stay outside. Call 9-9-9 once you're out there.

Fire Extinguishers

Having a fire extinguisher within reach can help to keep you and your family safe. Here are some tips:

- Consider placing a fire extinguisher in rooms where fires are more likely to
 - start such as the kitchen, living room and laundry room.
 - n the
- Place a fire extinguisher in the bedroom for use
 - in case you need to **create a path** to safety. Nearly half of all fatal fires occur during late night and early morning hours, when families are asleep.
- Choose a multipurpose extinguisher that is large enough to put out a small fire but not too heavy to handle.
- Learn to use a fire extinguisher properly.



Other Fire Safety Tips

- Make sure everyone in your home knows how to call 9-9-9 in case of fire or emergency.
- Practice a home fire escape plan regularly with the entire family. Practice during the day and night. Be aware of who may not wake to the sound of an alarm and assign an adult to assist that person during an emergency.
- Be safe if you smoke by stubbing cigarettes out properly and disposing of them carefully.
- Use caution not to overload electrical sockets and extension leads. Check all wires and cords for damage regularly.